## On Subdivision Graphs of Cylinder Graphs which are 2-steps Hamiltonian II

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Let G be a graph with vertex set V(G) and edge set E(G). A (p,q)-graph G = (V, E) is said to be AL(k)-traversal if there exist a sequence of vertices  $\{v_1, v_2, \ldots, v_p\}$  such that for each  $i = 1, 2, \ldots, p - 1$ , the distance for  $v_i$  and  $v_{i+1}$  is equal to k. We call a graph G a k-steps Hamiltonian graph if it has a AL(k)-traversal in G and the distance between  $v_p$  and  $v_1$  is k. In this paper, we give a construction of subdivision graphs of cylinder graphs,  $C_m \times P_n$ where the subdivision is on  $C_m$ , to be 2-steps Hamiltonian.

Keywords: k-steps Hamiltonian, cylinder graphs, subdivision graphs, AL(k)-traversal